



U.S. Department of Treasury New Markets Tax Credit (NMTC) Program Minority CDE Training & Technical Assistance Contract # TFSACDF15C0004

TRAINING CURRICULUM

Module 8

Module #8

Financial Results: The CDE, the Investor, the Leverage Lender; wrap-up discussion of what the NMTC program means for the participants.

Goal: Share cost, revenue, and return information for each key role; group discussion of how their organizations might participate; if CDE Allocatee is right for them, and why.



CDE Financial Results

- CDE or Controlling Entity with an NMTC Allocation
 - Manage Dependence on NMTC: No or Sparse (amount/frequency) allocations
 - Income Sources current examples of fees
 - Allocation/Sponsor Fee: 1 time at closing; examples range from 0.5% 5.00%
 - Loan Origination Points: 1 time at closing; examples range from 0.0% 2.00%
 - Asset Management Fee: examples range from 0.5% 1.0% of QEI annually
- CDE or Controlling Entity without an NMTC Allocation
 - Various sources of income (unrelated program income, loan interest, origination fees loan servicing fees, etc)
 - Lending Activity, Deposit Activity
 - Nonprofit Controlling Entity revenues
 - Federal Grants
 - State & Local Municipality support
 - Program Related Investments (PRI)

CDE Financial Results

Expenses:

- Start-up Cost
- Business Strategy Implementation
- Staffing Size of Organization; expertise needed; shared?
- Fixed Costs infrastructure, systems, occupancy etc
- Professional Fees (legal, accounting)
- NMTC application cost
 - In-House Time and Talent
 - Out-Source Writer, Consultants
 - Professional Fees
 - Conferences

CDE with Allocation

Example of Income Statement (one time \$30 million allocation)



FOR DISCUSSION ONLY

Trial Balance form

Annual increase	Financial Statement Line Item	GL Account Number	GL Account Description	2017		2018	2019	202	1	2	2021	2022			2023	2024
N/A - See NMTC income	New Markets Tax Credits fee income	4000 NM	ATC CDE Fees	\$ 1,500,000	\$	150,000	\$ 150,000	5 1	50,000	S	150,000 \$	5 1	0.000	\$	150,000	\$ 150,000
	Interest and dividend income	4010 Int	erest Income	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	5 1	00,000	S	100,000 \$	5 1	0,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000
	Interest and dividend income	4020 Di	vidend income	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000 \$	5 1	00,000	S	100,000 \$	5 1	0,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000
	Net assets released from restrictions - grants	4030 Gr	ant income	\$ 50,000	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000 \$	5	50,000	S	50,000 \$	6	0,000	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000
	Other earned revenue	4040 Ot	her income	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000 \$	5	10,000	S	10,000	Б	0,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000
	Personnel related expenses	7000 Pe	rsonnel fees	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	\$ 750,000	5 7	50,000	s	750,000	5 7	0,000	\$	750,000	\$ 750,000
	Insurance	7100 Ins	urance expense	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000 \$	5	15,000	S	15,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000
	Interest expense	7200 Int	erest expense	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000 \$	5	10,000	s	10,000 \$	5	0,000	5	10,000	\$ 10,000
	Professional fees	7300 Le	gal fees	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000 \$	5	15,000	\$	15,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000
	Professional fees	7350 Co	nsulting fees	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000 \$	5	5,000	S	5,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000
	Professional fees	7400 Ac	counting/audit fees	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000 \$	5	15,000	\$	15,000 \$	6	5,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000
	Travel	7500 Tr	avel expense	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000 \$	5	10,000	S	10,000 \$	5	0,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000
	Other expenses	7600 Me	eals and entertainment expense	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	5,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000
	Occupancy expenses	7700 00	cupancy/utilities expense	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000 \$	5	30,000	\$	30,000 \$	5	0,000	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000
	Other expenses	7800 Te	lephone and communications expense	\$ 3,000		3,000	\$ 3,000 \$		3,000		3,000 \$		3,000		3,000	3,000
	Other expenses	7900 Co	mputer, website, IT	\$ 4,000		4,000	4,000 \$		4,000	\$	4,000 \$		4,000	\$	4,000	\$ 4,000
	Depreciation and amortization	8000 De	preciation and amortization	\$ 9,800	\$	9,800	\$ 9,800 \$	5	9,800	\$	9,800 \$	5	9,800	\$	9,800	\$ 9,800
	Other expenses	8100 Ot	her operating expenses	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	5,000 \$	5	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000
	Realized gains (losses) on investments	8200 Se	curity gain/loss - Realized	\$ -	\$	-	\$ - 1	5	-	\$		5	-	\$	-	\$ -
	Change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments	8300 Se	curity gain/loss - Unrealized	\$ 	\$	-	\$ - 5	5	-	\$	- 5	6	-	\$	-	\$ -
		Ne	tincome	\$ 883 200	s	(466 800)	\$ (466 800) 3	s (4	66 800)	s	(466 800)	s (4	6 800)	\$	(466 800)	\$ (466 800)

				NMTC income								
Closing fee Management fee	5.0% 0.5%	Assumes 5% closing fees in y award, and 0.5% mgmt fees for thereafter	2017	2018		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
		Award amount										
	2017	\$ 30	0,000,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 150,0	00 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000
	2018				\$. \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	2019					\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	2020						\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	2021							\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
	2022								\$	- \$	- \$	-
	2023									\$	- \$	-
	2024										\$	-
	2025											
		Total		\$ 1,500,000	\$ 150,0	00 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000 \$	150,000

CDE with Allocation

Example of Income Statement (one time \$30 million allocation)



FOR DISCUSSION ONLY

Sample: CDE with Allocation Pro Forma

REVENUES		2017		2018		2019		2020	2021		2022		2023		2024
New Markets Tax Credits fee income	æ	1,500,000	\$	150,000	•	150.000	æ	150,000	\$ 150,000	\$	150.000	s	150.000	\$	150,000
Interest and dividend income	\$	200.000	S	200,000	S		\$	200,000	\$ 200,000	s	200,000	ŝ	200,000	\$	200,000
Net assets released from restrictions - grants	4	50,000	S	50,000	s	50.000	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	S	50,000	ŝ	50,000	4	50,000
Other earned revenue	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	s	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	s	10,000	\$	10,000
Total Revenue	\$	1,760,000	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$ 410,000	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	410,000
EXPENSES															
Personnel related expenses	\$	750,000	\$	750,000	5	750,000	\$	750,000	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	s	750,000	\$	750,000
Insurance	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	s	15,000	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	S	15,000	\$	15,000
Interest expense	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	S	10,000	\$	10,000
Professional fees	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$ 35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	35,000
Travel	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	S	10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Occupancy expenses	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,000
Depreciation and amortization	\$	9,800	\$	9,800	S	9,800	\$	9,800	\$ 9,800	\$	9,800	\$	9,800	\$	9,800
Other expenses	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$ 17,000	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	17,000
Total expenses	\$	876,800	\$	876,800	\$	876,800	\$	876,800	\$ 876,800	\$	876,800	\$	876,800	\$	876,800
Change in net assets before security gain (loss)	\$	883,200	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$ (466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)
Realized gains (losses) on investments	\$	12	\$	121	s	0 2	\$	2	\$ 1.2	\$	28	s	1.029	\$	2
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments	\$	5 F	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Change in net assets after security gain (loss)	\$	883,200	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$ (466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)	\$	(466,800)
Check	\$	s a	\$		\$	-	\$	5.	\$ i e	\$	Ť:	\$	-	\$	-

Investor Financials

Investor Financial Results

- Investors receive tax credits over seven years equating to 39% of the "allocation" provided to a transaction.
 - Investors collect credits over seven years at full face value 100 cents
 - Investors typically unwind using put/call agreements
- Average pricing
 - During 2016 ran approximately 82-87 cents per credit (equating to IRR range of 4-6%). Pricing less than 100 cents per credit due to "time value" of money and fact that credits are collected over the seven year compliance period. This is where the investor gets its return on investment.
- Investor demand and hence the price for NMTC credits are driven primarily by CRA-motivated banks.

Example of Investor Gross IRR



FOR DISCUSSION ONLY

Sample: Investor Return Pro Forma

Date	Capital Contributions	Cash Distributions	Put Payme	ent	Federal NMTC	State NMTC	Nev	Total w Markets x Credits	Annual Return	Cumulative Return		Federal Taxable Income/ (Loss)	State Taxable Income/ (Loss)	Federal Impact o State NMT	f In	Taxable come Savings (Costs)	Tax	/ITC and Savings/ Costs)		Federal Ending Ending Capital Account	
2015					500.000			500.000	1.00	1.00		0.000						500.050			
2015	\$ 3,120,000		2	- 5	500,000		2	500,000	16%	16% 32%	2	(2,505) \$		S	- 5		2	500,952	\$ (2,619,048)		2
2016	-	-		-	500,000			500,000	16%			(75,806)	-		-	28,806		528,806	(2,090,242)	2,041,689	
2017	-	-		-	500,000	-		500,000	16%	48%		(75,806)	52		4	28,806		528,806	(1,561,435)	1,465,882	
2018	-	-		-	600,000	-		600,000	19%	67%		(75,806)	-		÷	28,806		628,806	(932,629)	790,076	
2019		-			600,000			600,000	19%	87%		(75,806)	25		-	28,806		628,806	(303,822)	114,270	
2020	-	-		-	600,000			600,000	19%	106%		(75,806)	-		-	28,806		628,806	324,984	(561,537)	l l
2021	-	-		-	600,000	-		600,000	19%	125%		(75,806)			+	28,806		628,806	953,790	(1,237,343)	
2022	-	(246,345)		-		-		-	-8%	125%		(173,760)			-	66,029		66,029	773,474	(1,164,758)	
Disposition		-	1.0	00	-			-	0%	125%		1,165,758	-		-	(442,988)		(442,988)	331,486	-	

For The Period December 31, 2015 Through December 31, 2022

	Pre-Tax Annual Internal Rate of Return Equivalent	8.01%
	Annual After Tax Internal Rate of Return	4.96%
	Federal Tax Credits Only Annual Internal Rate of Return	8.71%
Assumptions: (1) Annual and cumulative tax savings/(costs) are calculated using capital contributions, cash distributions, and tax credits (2) Assumes combined effective federal and state income tax rate of 38% (3) Cumulative net benefits/(costs) are tax savings/(cost) plus cash distributions less cash contributions	State Tax Credits Only Annual Internal Rate of Return	0.00%

(3) Cumulative

(4) Internal Rate of Return assumes cash distributions and tax savings/(costs) are received quarterly

(5) Tax Credits Only Annual Internal Rate of Return is calculated using capital contributions, tax credits, and tax effect of NMTC basis reduction

Leverage Lender

Leverage Lender Financials

- Leverage Lender "Economically Driven/Market Rate Lender" as opposed to "Mission Driven Lender" like a CDE.
- Often familiar with either the borrower, area, or type of project involved in the NMTC transaction, and therefore familiar with the risk being undertaken.
- Major Risk is the default of the QLICI, (Remember No "Hard" Collateral) and any negotiated forbearance agreement.

Example of Leverage Lender Income Statement

				1. Income	and Operating Ex	openses										
Fiscal Year		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2023+	Total:	Total (% of Loan)					
				1. lı	ncome by source	:										
Leverage Loan:	Rate:	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000								
Loan Fees:	1.00%	70,000								70,000	1.00%					
Interest Income:	4.00%	280,000	280,000	280,000	280,000	280,000	280,000	280,000		1,960,000	28.00%					
Other Income:	*	11,500	11,500	11,500	11,500	11,500	11,500	11,500		80,500	1.15%					
Total Income		361,500	291,500	291,500	291,500	291,500	291,500	291,500	0	2,110,500	30.15%					
					2. Expenses:											
(a) Fixed	**	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	13,000	139,000	1.99%					
(b) Variable										0	0.00%					
Total Expenses		18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000	13,000	139,000	1.99%					
Profit/(Loss)		343,500	273,500	273,500	273,500	273,500	273,500	273,500	(13,000)	1,971,500	28.16%					
										Average Return:	4.02%					
										IRR:	4.04%					
Assumptions																
Leverage Loan Amount		\$7,000,000		Repayment		84 months interest only, 276 months P&I thereafter										
Interest rate		4%		Covenants		Mirrors CDE Covenants										
Origination Fee		1%		Forebearance a	nd Standstill	Yes										

* Audit & Compliance

** Includes Audit & Labor Costs



Secondary CDE Investment

•Investment may be made through multiple layers of CDEs (e.g. up to 4 CDEs).

•The last CDE recipient needs to demonstrate that it used those dollars to:

Make loans to, or investments in QALICBs; and/or
Provide FCOS to businesses or residents of LICs.

All time limits must be met as if the CDE with the allocations directly made the QLICI.



Secondary CDE Financial Results

- Secondary CDE (CDE to CDE) Collaborative Community Development Strategy.
 - Included in NMTC Application Question 13 as one of the options for a CDE's financing activity.
 - Can be a good community development "tool".
- Also cited as an Innovative Use of an NMTC Allocation
 - "Q18. Innovative Uses of an NMTC AllocationInvesting in Unrelated CDEs that do not have NMTC Allocations;"
- May enable emerging CDEs build track record for applying for allocations in the future rounds.

Secondary CDE Financial Results

- Challenges for CDE that receives an Allocation
 - Compliance Allocatee CDE must still track the use of the allocation
 - Fee Sharing Allocatee CDE shares a portion of its fees with the Secondary CDE
- Opportunities for CDE that receives an Allocation
 - Access to Community Pipeline and Community relationships
 - Risk-Sharing with Secondary CDE
- Opportunities for Secondary CDE
 - Access to an Allocation without an application for customer needs
 - Earning fees
 - Building a track record of NMTC activity for future application

Bringing It All Together

- What does this mean for your organization?
- Where can you fit in?
 - CDE with Allocation
 - Leveraged Lender
 - NMTC Investor
 - Secondary CDE
 - Qualified Borrower

Even in Community Development, is the Bottom Line still the Bottom Line? (Maybe not. But if it doesn't make Cents, it may not make Sense!) The Question may also be of Timing!

In Summary

- CDE Financials
 - CDE with an allocation
 - CDE without an allocation
- Investor Financials
- Leverage Lender Financials
- CDE to CDE Financials
- The Bottom Line